



# Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations

Printing date 01.11.2019 Revision: 01.11.2019

### 1 Identification

Product Name: PROFORCE CONTRA M DUO HERBICIDE

Other Means of Identification: Mixture APVMA Number: 88327/120869

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use: Agricultural herbicide

**Details of Manufacturer or Importer:** 

Indigo Specialty Products Pty Ltd 6/163-173 McEvoy Street, Alexandria NSW 2015

Phone Number: 0402 735 887

Emergency telephone number: 13 11 26

## 2 Hazard(s) Identification

### **Hazardous Nature:**

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)



Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed. Skin Corrosion/Irritation 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

## Signal Word Danger

### **Hazard Statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary Statements**

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

(Contd. on page 2)

## according to WHS Regulations

Printing date 01.11.2019 Revision: 01.11.2019

#### Product Name: PROFORCE CONTRA M DUO HERBICIDE

(Contd. of page 1)

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

## 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

**Chemical Characterization: Mixtures** 

**Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Hazardous Components:			
	MCPA (ISO)  ♦ Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 1, H318; ♦ Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; ♦ Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4, H302; Skin Corrosion/Irritation 2, H315	34%	
CAS: 1918-00-9	Dicamba(ISO)  ♦ Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 1, H318; ♦ Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4, H302; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	8%	

### 4 First Aid Measures

#### Inhalation

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if breathing problems develop.

## **Skin Contact:**

In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with water and soap. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

## **Eye Contact:**

In case of eye contact, hold eyelids open and rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

### Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Immediately rinse mouth with water. Give a glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### Symptoms Caused by Exposure:

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation, coughing, dizziness and lachrymation. Skin Contact: May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation, redness and inflammation. May be absorbed through the skin.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, sweating, cardiac arrhythmia, lethargy, weakness, paralysis, twitching, convulsions and unconsciousness. Ingestion can be fatal.

## **5 Fire Fighting Measures**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:

Hazardous combustion products include oxides of carbon, nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, hydrogen chloride, phosgene and other pyrolysis products.

This product is not flammable, but may burn or decompose in a fire.

according to WHS Regulations

Printing date 01.11.2019 Revision: 01.11.2019

## **Product Name: PROFORCE CONTRA M DUO HERBICIDE**

(Contd. of page 2)

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Containers close to fire should be removed if safe to do so. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers. Do not approach containers suspected to be hot.

### Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters:

When fighting a major fire wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment.

### **6 Accidental Release Measures**

### Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Wear approved respiratory protection, chemical resistant gloves, protective clothing and safety boots. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Extinguish all sources of ignition. Avoid sparks and open flames. No smoking.

#### **Environmental Precautions:**

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

## Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Stop leak if safe to do so and absorb spill with sand, earth, vermiculite or some other absorbent material. Collect the spilled material and place into a suitable container for disposal. Wash spill area with water.

## 7 Handling and Storage

## **Precautions for Safe Handling:**

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation of vapours. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

## **Conditions for Safe Storage:**

Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Protect containers from physical damage. Protect from excessive moisture. Keep away from oxidising agents, acids and bases. Store in polyethylene or polypropylene containers.

### 8 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

## **Exposure Standards:**

The product does not contain any relevant quantities of materials with critical values that have to be monitored at the workplace.

## **Engineering Controls:**

## **Respiratory Protection:**

Use an approved vapour respirator under conditions where exposure to the substance is apparent (e.g. generation of high concentrations of mist or vapour, inadequate ventilation, development of respiratory tract irritation) and engineering controls are not feasible. See Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information.

### Skin Protection:

PVC or rubber gloves. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161 for more information. When selecting gloves for use against certain chemicals, the degradation resistance, permeation rate and permeation breakthrough time should be considered.

Occupational protective clothing (depending on conditions in which it has to be used, in particular as regards the period for which it is worn, which shall be determined on the basis of the seriousness of the risk, the frequency of exposure to the risk, the characteristics of the workstation of each worker and the performance of the protective clothing). See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for more information.

(Contd. on page 4)

according to WHS Regulations

Printing date 01.11.2019 Revision: 01.11.2019

Product Name: PROFORCE CONTRA M DUO HERBICIDE

(Contd. of page 3)

### **Eye and Face Protection:**

Eye and face protectors for protection against splashing materials or liquids. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

## 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance:

Form: Liquid Colour: Brown

Odour: No information available **Odour Threshold:** No information available pH-Value: No information available No information available Melting point/freezing point: **Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:** No information available No information available **Flash Point:** Product is not flammable. Flammability: Auto-ignition Temperature: No information available **Decomposition Temperature:** No information available

**Explosion Limits:** 

Lower:No information availableUpper:No information availableVapour Pressure:No information available

Relative Density: 1.116

Vapour Density:No information availableEvaporation Rate:No information available

Solubility in Water: Miscible

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): No information available Viscosity:

No information available

## 10 Stability and Reactivity

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Chemical Stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive moisture.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidising agents, acids and bases.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Oxides of carbon, nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, hydrogen chloride, phosgene and other pyrolysis products.

## 11 Toxicological Information

### **Toxicity:**

LD <sub>50</sub> /LC <sub>50</sub> Values Relevant for Classification:			
CAS: 94-74-6 MCPA (ISO)			
Oral	LD <sub>50</sub>	700 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD <sub>50</sub>	>2,000 mg/kg (rat)	
Inhalation	LC₅₀/4 h	>3.1 mg/l (rat)	
CAS: 1918-00-9 Dicamba(ISO)			
Oral	LD <sub>50</sub>	2,629 mg/kg (rat)	
Dermal	LD <sub>50</sub>	>2,000 mg/kg (rabbit)	

(Contd. on page 5)

## according to WHS Regulations

Printing date 01.11.2019 Revision: 01.11.2019

**Product Name: PROFORCE CONTRA M DUO HERBICIDE** 

(Contd. of page 4)

Inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>/4 h >200 mg/l (rat)

#### **Acute Health Effects**

**Inhalation:** May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation, coughing, dizziness and lachrymation. **Skin:** 

May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation, redness and inflammation. May be absorbed through the skin.

Eye: Causes serious eye damage.

### Ingestion:

Harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, sweating, cardiac arrhythmia, lethargy, weakness, paralysis, twitching, convulsions and unconsciousness. Ingestion can be fatal.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage / Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.

Reproductive Toxicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure:**

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic Health Effects: No information available

Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: No information available

## Additional toxicological information:

The Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for MCPA for a human is 0.01 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based on the NOAEL of 1.1 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species. The ADI for dicamba for a human is 0.03 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based on the NOAEL of 3 mg/kg/day.

(Ref: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority, 'Acceptable Daily Intakes for Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals', 2019).

## 12 Ecological Information

### **Ecotoxicity:**

## Aquatic toxicity:

Very Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

CAS: 94-74-6 MCPA (ISO)		
EC₅₀/96 h 71 mg/l (algae)		
LC₅₀/48 h >10 mg/l (fish)		
CAS: 1918-00-9 Dicamba(ISO)		
EC <sub>50</sub> /48 h 1,600 mg/l (crustacea	a)	
LC <sub>50</sub> /96 h >1,000 mg/l (fish)		

(Contd. on page 6)

## according to WHS Regulations

Revision: 01.11.2019 Printing date 01.11.2019

Product Name: PROFORCE CONTRA M DUO HERBICIDE

(Contd. of page 5)

Persistence and Degradability: No further relevant information available. Bioaccumulative Potential: No further relevant information available.

Mobility in Soil: No further relevant information available.

Other adverse effects: No further relevant information available.

## 13 Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods and Containers: Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.

#### Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration:

Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information.

## 14 Transport Information

**UN Number** 

**IATA** 

**ADG** Not subject to the ADG Code when transported in

Australia by Road or Rail in packages 500kg(L) or less;

or IBCs (refer to SP AU01).

IMDG, IATA UN3082

**Proper Shipping Name** 

**ADG** Not regulated

**IMDG** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

LIQUID, N.O.S. (MCPA (ISO)), MARINE POLLUTANT ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

LIQUID, N.O.S. (MCPA (ISO))

**Dangerous Goods Class** 

ADG Class: Not regulated

9 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles. IMDG Class:

**Packing Group:** 

**ADG** Not regulated

IMDG. IATA Ш

Marine pollutant:

Symbol (fish and tree)

**EMS Number:** F-A,S-F

**Hazchem Code:** •3Z

**Special Provisions:** 274, 331, 335, 375, AU01

**Limited Quantities:** 51

P001, IBC03, LP01 Packagings & IBCs - Packing Instruction:

Packagings & IBCs - Special Packing Provisions: PP1 Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers - Instructions: T4

Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers - Special

**Provisions:** TP1, TP29

## 15 Regulatory Information

Australian Inventor	y of Chemical Substances:
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CAS: 94-74-6 MCPA (ISO)

(Contd. on page 7)

## according to WHS Regulations

Printing date 01.11.2019 Revision: 01.11.2019

**Product Name: PROFORCE CONTRA M DUO HERBICIDE** 

(Contd. of page 6)

CAS: 1918-00-9 Dicamba(ISO)

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSMP) - Poison Schedule:

Poisons Schedule: 5

## 16 Other Information

Date of Preparation or Last Revision: 01.11.2019

Prepared by: MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd www.msds.com.au

## Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD₅o: Lethal dose, 50 percent

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TWA. Time Weighted Average

NES: National Exposure Standard (Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants)

Acute Toxicity (Oral) 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4

Skin Corrosion/Irritation 2: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

Aquatic Acute 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (Acute). Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic). Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic). Category 3

### Disclaimer

This SDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - February 2016"

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